

Mercoid® Installation Instructions (Preliminary) Series D-7000-(N) Remote Bulb Temperature Controls

ENCLOSURES - TYPE NO. PREFIX

GENERAL PURPOSE Prefixed by DA, DL, DR, DS

WEATHER-RESISTANT Prefixed by DAW, DLW, DRW, DSW

EXPLOSION PROOF

Prefixed by DAH, DLH, DRH, DSH



EXPLOSION PROOF Prefixed by DAE, DLE, DRE, DSE

CONTROL NUMBERS

Part of the control number following Type No. Prefix identifies the style of the control case.

The digit 5 of 7035 denotes a plain case with bottom connection. The digit 8 of 7038 denotes a flanged case with bottom connection. The digit 9 of 7039 denotes a flanged case with back connection.

CIRCUITS (SWITCH OPERATION)

Suffix number after control number denotes number of circuits and circuit

Suffix -153 designates SPDT - one circuit closes as other circuit opens. Suffix - 804 designates 2 ea. SPDT switches - two circuits close as two cir-

LOCATION AND MOUNTING OF CONTROL CASE

Follow equipment manufacturer's instructions or proceed as follows: Vibration causes erratic operation of any instrument and shortens its life. It is important to select a location that is reasonably free of vibration. All controls must be mounted vertical and level. Delrin bushed movements prolong control life by alleviating excessive wear of metal surfaces due to vibration and/or pulsation. It is identified by the letter "B" after the suffix number. Example: -2B, -3B, -804B, etc.

General Purpose Types - DA, DS, DL, DR - These controls without a flange plate are mounted by means of a bracket supplied with the control. For panel mounted use the holes provided on the flanged case. See drawing 1000F on page 4.

Weather Resistant Types - DAW, DSW, DRW, DLW - For surface mounting only. Has flanged case with bottom connection. See drawing 1062 on page 4.

Explosion-Proof Types - DAE, DSE, DLE, DRE, DLH, DAH, DSH, DRH -Secure with the mounting lugs provided on the housing. See drawings 98D and 1350 on page 4.

LOCATION OF REMOTE BULB

To Insure Proper Control Operation:

- 1. The temperature bulb should be completely immersed in the medium being controlled.
- 2. BULB MUST BE CORRECTLY LOCATED AND PROPERLY INSTALLED so that the temperature changes at the bulb reflect actual temperature changes of the medium being controlled.
- 3. Be sure the bulb will not be affected by external temperatures.
- 4. Bulb may be installed vertically or horizontally. The following precautions
- (a) Do not install bulb in dead end of pipe, tank, etc., where it would not be subject to free circulation of the medium being controlled. See illustration No.

(b) If bulb No. 2 is located in a pipe or duct with diameter larger than the bulb length, the bulb can be installed perpendicular to the pipe if protected from possible damage due to flow velocity.

(c) If bulb No. 2 is to be inserted into a pipe with a diameter smaller than the bulb length (ex. a 2-7/8" long bulb in a 1" pipe) the bulb should be located longitudinaly in the pipe so that the entire length is exposed to the flowing medium (ex. replace an elbow in the pipe with a tee and install bulb as shown in illustration No. 6 and 7. If pipe is 1" diameter or less, provide an enlarged section around the bulb so that it does not restrict flow.

(d) When bulb No. 2 is to be inserted in a rapidly flowing stream of fluid in a pipe or duct, make sure that it is mechanically protected against the velocity in order to prevent the bulb from breaking off at the capillary.

5. Gas activated bulbs, unlike vapor pressure bulbs, do not have any elevation effects. Therefore, no compensation is required.

BULB PROTECTION

There are three ways to protect bulb No. 2:

1. Before tightening packing gland, pull bulb back into union as far as possible (standard No. 2 bulb with 3/4" union only). The union is recessed to provide some support.

2. Where insertion depth is greater than bulb length, use extension sleeve "B". See illustration Nos. 8, 9, and 10.

3. Separable Wells (see drawing No. 10): wells slow down heat transfer of temperature changes to the bulb and consequently increase response time of control the union will slide back on capillary allowing complete immersion of bulb in any depth of well.

FOR DIMENSIONS OF BULBS, SEE CHART - PAGE 3

Caution: When installing bulbs with union connections, be careful not to twist the flexible tubing. Loosen packing nut or union so that the union can turn freely around tubing. After union is firmly secured to the pipe or tank, position bulb by sliding tubing through union and then tighten the packing gland nut.

CROSS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE EFFECTS

There are no cross ambient effects associated with these gas actuated units which are designed with a range number ending with "n", i.e. -5N.

WHERE TURBULENT OR FAST **FLOWING LIQUIDS PREVAIL**

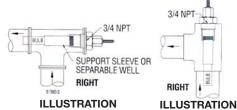
Bulb supports for bulb No. 2 are used where the bulb is mounted in turbulent or fast flowing liquids or where it is desired to insert the remote bulb at some distance within a vessel, pipe, or tank. See "B" in illustration Nos. 8, 9 and 10. The remote bulb should be positioned so that at least one inch of the bulb is within the extension sleeve "B" (dimension "B") in order to insure firm support. No. 2 bulb union is threaded to receive extension sleeve "B". Extension addition "A" permits extending the mounting through insulation.



ILLUSTRATION NO. 5

INCORRECT INSTALLATION

Note that a very small portion of the bulb is exposed to the direct path of medium being controlled. section containing bulb has no flow so its temperature is affected by radiation to or from the surrounding air.

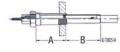


NO. 6 RECOMMENDED

INSTALLATION These two illustrations indicate the bulb is completely exposed (in direct path) of medium being controlled.



ILLUSTRATION NO. 8



RIGHT

NO. 7

ILLUSTRATION NO. 9

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WELLS

Wells (with dimensions "A" and "C" in illustration 10) are used to protect the remote bulb from physical damage or to permit removal of the bulb without draining the system.

The use of a well will increase the time lag of the control since the temperature change of the controlled medium must be transmitted through the wall of the well and then the bulb. Thus when wells are used, it is important that the well dimension "C" be greater than or equal to the bulb length "B" to insure that all of the temperature sensistive portion of the bulb is within the liquid area.

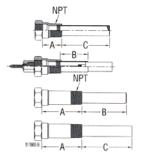


ILLUSTRATION NO. 10

WIRING

Wire in accordance with local electrical codes or follow equipment manufacturer's recommendations. On general purpose controls, do not attach ridged conduit to case. use a short strip of BX to relieve conduit expansion and contraction strains.

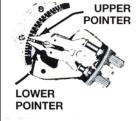
Where a control is connected directly into the load circuit, it must be connected into the hot side of line.

Do not overload electrically - see nameplate attached to control for electrical rating.

ADJUSTMENTS How to Set Operating Point of Control

DOUBLE ADJUSTMENT TYPES -FULLY AUTOMATIC

Prefixed by DA, DAE, DAH, DAW Provided with double adjustments. Adjust the upper pointer to set the "high" temperature point for switch operation. Adjust the lower pointer to set the "low" temper-ature operating point. The difference between the upper and lower pointers is the operating differential between "on-off" switch operation. Minimum differential for such cases in a charge in a charge in the control of t each range is shown on Page 3.



SINGLE ADJUSTMENT TYPES
FULLY AUTOMATIC

Prefixed by DS, DSE, DSH, DSW -Equipped with a single adjustment. The single pointer on the scale sets the temperature where switch operation occurs. Differential is fixed (not adjustable). For fixed differential of each respective range, see Page 3.



SEMI-AUTOMATIC CONTROL WITH MANUAL RESET

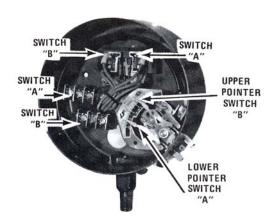
DR-7035-153U. A single adjustment sets the operating point for automatic operation. A push button reset must be operated manually to restore the circuit to the original position after automatic operation. Example - Type DR-7035-153L: circuit will open automatically on a temperature rise to the temperature indicated by the pointer



on the scale - no matter how much the temperature drops, the circuit will not reclose until the reset button is operated.

Suffix -L denotes control will operate automatically on an increase. Suffix -U denotes control will operate automatically on a decrease.

TWO-STAGE TEMPERATURE CONTROL SERIES D-7435



TYPES DA-7435, DAW-7438, DAH-7435, DAE-7435 - This series incorporates two single pole, double throw snap switches, actuated by the same Bourdon Tube. The operating point of each switch is adjustable through an outside knob. The change in temperature which opens and closes each switch at its respective setting is the "fixed differential" (sensitivity) of the switch. The temperature represented by the difference between the two adjustment points is the temperature "spread" between operation of the two switches. Upper pointer indicates the operating point of the "high" temperature circuit. Lower pointer indicates the operating point of the "low" temperature circuit.

OPERATING RANGES/SERIES D-7435 With Snap-Action Contacts

Range		Max. Temperature	Min. Spread	Fixed Deadband
No.	Scale Range	Not To Exceed	Between Switches	Each Switch
1N	-60 to 30°F (-50 to 0°C)	150°F (65°C)	12°F (7°C)	4°F (2°C)
3N	0 to 100°F (-18 to 40°C)	240°F (115°C)	13°F (8°C)	4°F (2.5°C)
4N	50 to 150°F (10 to 65°C)	250°F (120°C)	13°F (8°C)	4°F (2.5°C)
5N	100 to 200°F (40 to 95°C)	300°F (150°C)	12°F (7°C)	4°F (2.5°C)
7N	140 to 300°F (60 to 150°C)	500°F (260°C)	18°F (10°C)	6.5°F (4°C)
8N	250 to 415°F (120 to 215°C)	550°F (290°C)	18°F (10°C)	7°F (4°C)
9N	350 to 550°F (175 to 290°C)	600°F (315°C)	22°F (13°C)	8°F (4.5°C)
10N	100 to 300°F (40 to 150°C)	500°F (260°C)	22°F (13°C)	8°F (4.5°C)
11N	100 to 500°F (40 to 260°C)	600°F (315°C)	46°F (26°C)	16°F (9°C)

ELECTRICAL RATING

AC capacities: 5A @ 120 V, 5A @ 240 V. (Not available for 440 V). DC capacity: 5A, 30 V resistive.

With Snap-Action Contacts Types: DA-7035, DA-7235-153 & DA-7235-804

			Adjustable Deadband	Adjustable Deadband	Fixed Deadband		
			DS-7035-153	DS-7235-153	DS-7235-804 (2) SPDT	Capillary Unless Otherwise Specified (1)	
Adjustable Operating Range	Range No.	Max. Process Temp. Not To Exceed	Minimum Deadband	Fixed Deadband	Fixed Deadband	Bulb No./Cap. Mat'l.	Bulb Min. Insertion Depth (2)
-60 to 30°F (-50 to 0°C)	1N	150°F (65°C)	23°F (13°C)	5°F (3°C)	5°F (3°C)	No. 2 SS/Copper	2-7/8" (73 mm)
0 to 100°F (-18 to 40°C)	3N	240°F (115°C)	25°F (14°C)	5°F (3°C)	5°F (3°C)	No. 2 SS/Copper	2-7/8" (73 mm)
50 to 150°F (10 to 65°C)	4N	250°F (120°C)	25°F (14°C)	5°F (3°C)	5°F (3°C)	No. 2 SS/Copper	2-7/8" (73 mm)
100 to 200°F (40 to 95°C)	<u>5N</u>	300°F (150°C)	25°F (14°C)	5°F (3°C)	5°F (3°C)	No. 2 SS/Copper	2-7/8" (73 mm)
140 to 300°F (60 to 150°C)	7N	500°F (260°C)	41°F (23°C)	8°F (4.5°C)	8°F (4.5°C)	No. 2 SS/Copper	2-7/8" (73 mm)
250 to 415°F (120 to 215°C)	8N	550°F (290°C)	42°F (23°C)	9°F (5°C)	9°F (5°C)	No. 2 SS/SS	2-7/8" (73 mm)
350 to 550°F (175 to 290°C)	9N	600°F (315°C)	50°F (28°C)	10°F (6°C)	10°F (6°C)	No. 2 SS/SS	4-7/8" (124 mm)
100 to 300°F (40 to 150°C)	10N	500°F (260°C)	50°F (28°C)	10°F (6°C)	10°F (6°C)	No. 2 SS/Copper	2-7/8" (73 mm)
100 to 500°F (40 to 260°C)	11N	600°F (315°C)	100°F (56°C)	20°F (12°C)	20°F (12°C)	No. 2 SS/SS	2-7/8" (73 mm)
ELECTRICAL RATINGS			See Code D	See Code E	See Code G		

⁽¹⁾ All bulbs, including those with a copper capillary, are made or Type 304 Stainless Steel

(2) Insertion depth may be increased through use of bulb supports or wells.

Circuit Suffix No.	Switch Action
-153	SPDT one circuit OPENS as other CLOSES
-804	Two SPDT operate simultaneously in one direction upon increase
	(or decrease when specified)

Repeatability: ±1% of full scale

		AC Capacity			DC Re	sistive	Horsepower	
Code	Circuit Suffix No.	120V	240V	440V	120V	240V	AC	DC
D	-153	15A	15A	15@480V	1/2A	1/4A	1/8	NA
Е	-153	15A	15A	NA	2	2	1	NA
G	-804	5A	5A	NA	3	3	NA	NA

^{1 1/4} HP at 120V AC, 1/2 HP at 240V AC.

3 5A, 30V DC resistive.

GENERAL BULB INFORMATION

All bulbs are made of 304 stainless steel; capillary material is either copper or 316 stainless steel, as shown in the range table. The maximum pressure of bulbs with a process connection is 300 psi. Other bulbs are for non-pressurized (e.g., open tank) use only. Consult the factory for higher pressure applications.

RANGE TABLE - NO. 2 BULB

Standard 11/16" Diameter Series D Bulb & 3/4" NPT Connection

Optional 11/16" Bulb & 1/2" NPT Connection

	Bulb (1)/	Ra	nge Numbers				Range Numbers	
See Note for "E" & "B" Dims. Standard 3/4" NPT Process Connection	6 ft. Cap. Tubing	1N, 3N, 4N, 5N, 7N, 10N	8N, 11N	9N		1N, 3N, 4N, 5N, 7N, 10N	8N, 11N	9N
STANDARD 3/4 NPT PROCESS CONNECTION	SS Bulb/ Copper Capillary	E=2-7/8" B=2-7/8" Standard	N.A.	N.A.	Optional 11/16″ Bulb with	E=3-1/2" B=2-7/8"	N.A.	N.A.
E 1 17000-8	SS Bulb/ SS Cap.	E=2-7/8" B=2-7/8" Option	E=2-7/8" B=2-7/8" Standard	E=4-7/8" B=4-7/8" Standard	1/2" NPT Process Conn.	E=3-1/2" B=2-7/8"	E=3-1/2" B=2-7/8"	E=5-1/2" B=4-7/8"

RANGE TABLE - NO. 2 BULB

Optional 1/2" & 3/8" Diameter Bulbs with 3/4" NPT Connection

Optional 1/2" Bulb & 3/8" Bulbs with 1/2" NPT Connection

Sphonal 1/2 a o/o Blameter Balbo With o/+ Ni 1 Confidential								
	Bulb (1)/	Range Numbers			Range Numbers			
	6 ft. Cap. Tubing	1N, 3N, 4N, 5N, 7N, 10N	8N, 11N	9N		1N, 3N, 4N, 5N, 7N, 10N	8N, 11N	9N
Optional 1/2" Diameter Bulb with 3/4" NPT	SS Bulb/ Copper	E=5-3/4" B=5-3/4"	N.A.	N.A.	Optional 1/2″ Bulb	E=6-3/8" B=5-3/4"	N.A.	N.A.
Process Connection	SS Bulb/ SS Cap.	E=5-3/4" B=5-3/4"	E=5-3/4" B=5-3/4"	E=10" B=10"	with 1/2″ NPT	E=6-3/8" B=5-3/4"	E=6-3/8" B=5-3/4"	E=10-5/8" B=10"
Optional 3/8" Diameter Bulb with 3/4" NPT Process Connection	SS Bulb/ Copper	E=11-3/8" B=11-3/8"	N.A.	N.A.	Optional 3/8″ Bulb	E=11-3/8" B=11-3/8"	N.A.	N.A.
	SS Bulb/ SS Cap.	E=11-3/8" B=11-3/8"	E=11-3/8" B=11-3/8"	E=19-7/8" B=19-7/8"	with 1/2″ NPT	E=11-3/8" B=11-3/8"	E=11-3/8" B=11-3/8"	E=19-7/8" B=19-7/8"

NOTES:

RANGE TABLE - NO. 1 BULB

11/16" Diameter Series D Bulb for Open Tank Use

	Bulb (1)/	Ra	nge Numbers	
See Note for "B" Dims. (No process connection) BULB	6 ft. Cap. Tubing	1N, 3N, 4N, 5N, 7N, 10N	8N, 11N	9N
	SS Bulb/ Copper	B=2-7/8" Standard	N.A.	N.A.
£3004 - B -	SS Bulb/ SS Cap.	B=2-7/8" Option	B=2-7/8" Standard	B=4-7/8" Standard

Dim. "B" = ACTIVE BULB LENGTH

Minimum clearance distance for bulb insertion: measured from the top outside

surface of female NPT.

Dim. "E" = MINIMUM INSERTION DEPTH

Length of bulb that responds to temperature change: measured from the free end. Process fluid must have good contact with the bulb over this length.

(1) All bulbs, including those with a copper capillary are made of Type 304 Stainless Steel

Well Pressure Ratings

Protective Well Assemblies For Series D. No. 2 Bulb, (Standard 11/16" Diameter)

. o. oooo b	o. <u>–</u> Du	.s, (otana	u.u , .	o Biainotoi,
	Bulb Ass'y	Well Dim.	Wel	I Ass'y #
Range	E (Min.)	С	Brass	S.S.
1N, 3N, 4N,	2-7/8"	3-1/4"		
5N, 7N, 10N	73 mm	83 mm	49-543	49-251SS-1
	2-7/8"	3-1/4"		
8N, 11N	73 mm	83 mm	N/A	49-251SS-1
	4-7/8"	5-1/4"		
9N	124 mm	134 mm	N/A	49-253SS-1

Temp.	Brass	SS
70°F	1000 psi	2400 psi
(21°C)	6890 kPa	16500 kPa
200°F	900 psi	2250 psi
(95°C)	6200 kPa	15500 kPa
300°F	500 psi	2150 psi
(150°C)	3440 kPa	14800 kPa
400°F	160 psi	-
(205°C)	1100 kPa	-
550°F	Do Not	2000 psi
(285°C)	Use	13700 kPa

CAUTIONS

Control movement must not be oiled.

Do not overload – note electrical rating on nameplate and be sure total current passing through switch is within specified rating.

WARNING: A failure resulting in injury or damage may be caused by over-pressures, excessive vibration or pressure pulsation, excessive temperature, corrosion of pressure containing parts and movement assembly, electrical overload, or other misuse. Do not tamper with switch wires. Position of these wires is essential to proper operation. Tampering with these wires will void warranty.

DC rated controls (up to 10A), consult factory.

LOCKING DEVICE

When the control has been adjusted to desired range, the locking bar may be inserted between the adjustment screws with slot passing over the projecting lug. By placing a sealing wire between the locking bar and the hole in the lug protruding from adjustment assembly, adjustments cannot be tampered with.

For DAH and DSH, sealing wire may pass through locking bar and hole in hub above adjusting knobs.

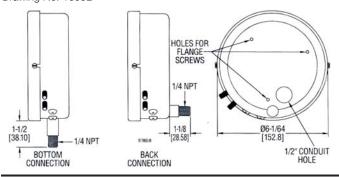
DAW, DRW, DSW, adjusting knob cover may be sealed in place with sealing wire through cover bolt hole.

CONTROL DIMENSIONS

Note: Dimensional drawings shown are for general reference only. Comprehensive drawings are available from factory upon request.

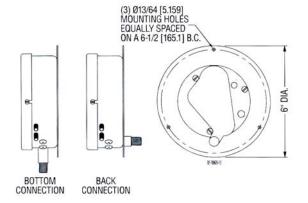
General Purpose

Types DA, DS, DR, DL Drawing No. 1000B



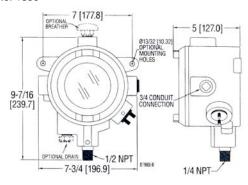
Flange for Surface Mounting

Drawing No. 1000F



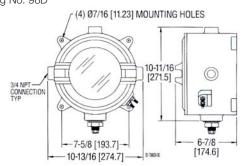
Explosion-Proof

Types DAH, DRH, DSH, DLH Drawing No. 1350



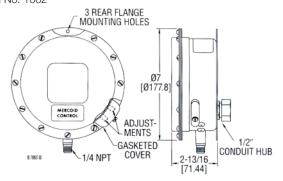
Explosion-Proof

Types DAE, DRE, DSE, DLE Drawing No. 98D



Weather-Proof

Types DAW, DSW, DRW, DLW Drawing No. 1062



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